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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024



뀅떙르砲떠돌려마땅돌려따달썽떠달려만돌려마땅돌려마

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Education Johnson County School District Paintsville, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Johnson County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Johnson County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Johnson County School District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for school district audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Johnson County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Johnson County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material

misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Johnson County School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial
 statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Johnson County School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, on pages 4-7, budgetary comparison information on pages 57-58, and CERS and KTRS schedules and notes on pages 59-70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Johnson County School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the school activity funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, school activity funds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2024, on our consideration of the Johnson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Johnson County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Johnson County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wills & lor pany, PSC

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky October 28, 2024

JOHNSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT – PAINTSVILLE, KY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Johnson County School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$35,664,690 in 2023 and \$19,455,148 in 2024. This is an decrease of \$16,209,542. This difference can be explained by construction expenses. Also, the District had an investment (U.S. Treasury Bills) at June 30, 2024 in the amount of \$9,495,423.
- From 2024 to 2023, total General Fund revenue decreased by 7%. Revenue from the state decreased by 6.6%. Revenues from federal sources decreased by 69%. Revenues from other local revenues decreased by 1.1% and earnings on investments increased by 214%.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$32.9 million in revenue, which primarily consisted of local property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes, federal programs and state funding. There were \$32.7 million in expenditures.
- A concerted effort was focused on purchasing in the areas of supplies, food, and travel resulting in several economies due to changed management strategies.
- Bonds are issued as the District renovates facilities consistent with a long-range facilities plan that is established with community input and in keeping with Kentucky Department of Education's (KDE) stringent compliance regulations. The District made total debt payments of \$2,876,750 during the current fiscal year. Also, the District purchased three new buses at a cost of \$388,630 through KISTA.
- State law requires districts to update a priority list of construction and renovation needs, called a local facilities plan, every four years. The document guides the allocation of School Facilities Construction Commission dollars. To be eligible to share in that money, the District updated its facilities plan on August 7, 2019. With the age and size of our facility, there is a focus on investing in plant management. The district is currently in the process of updating its new plan.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed assets and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 through 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. This is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The Proprietary Fund includes the food service and vending operation. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and general fixed assets), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Net Position for the period ending June 30, 2024 and 2023

This is the twenty-third year that the District is following GASB 34 and comparing assets, liabilities and net position. 2024 Government Wide Net Position compared to 2023 are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets Total assets	\$ 32,789,842 <u>54,115,010</u> 86,904,852	\$ 47,831,763 <u>35,149,589</u> 82,981,352
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	10,548,294
Current Liabilities Noncurrent Liabilities Total liabilities	7,062,953 <u>55,157,370</u> 62,220,323	6,309,000 <u>64,721,831</u> 71,030,831
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>11,634,267</u>	7,530,077
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Fund Balance	13,703,290 18,094,267 _ <u>(10,382,394)</u>	15,034,982 36,707,800 <u>(36,774,044</u>)
Total net position	<u>\$ 21,415.163</u>	<u>\$ 14,968,738</u>

There has been no significant change in the financial position of the District since the last audit.

The following table presents a fund accounting comparison and summary of revenue and expense for government funds only for the fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenues:		
Local revenue sources	\$ 9,827,580	\$ 9,021,945
State revenue sources	33,484,606	35,293,536
Federal revenue	<u>11,355,403</u>	<u>7,943,828</u>
Total revenues	<u>54,667,589</u>	<u>52,259,309</u>
Expenditures:		
Instruction	33,515,269	31,533,310
Support services:		
Student	1,206,484	1,155,137
Instructional staff	153,404	204,905
District administration	878,489	887,538
School administration	2,325,277	2,567,765
Business support .	810,255	829,564
Plant operations	5,209,861	4,509,758
Student transportation	2,520,556	2,237,940
Central office support	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	19,507,501	5,831,205
Community support	459,781	525,520
Other	4,923,117	<u>2,189,556</u>
Total expenses	71,509,994	<u>52,472,198</u>
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenses	(16,842,405)	(212,889)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Bond sale proceeds	-	26,227,700
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	230,988	1,770
Transfers	140,381	166,521
Total other financing sources (uses)	371,369	26,395,991
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$16,471.036</u>	<u>\$_26,183.102</u>

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal 2024, the District had \$54.07 million invested in capital assets, including land, buildings, buses, computers and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$18.92 million over last year. This increase is primarily due to construction.

.....

	Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation, in Miltions)						
	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ		Tota	als	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	2024	2023	<u>2024</u>	2023	
Land	\$ 3.66	\$ 3.45	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3.66	\$ 3.45	
Buildings & Improvements	22.38	23.81	-	-	22.38	23.81	
Technology Equipment	.09	.08	-	· -	.09	.08	
Vehicles	1.53	1.00	-	-	1.53	1.00	
General Equipment	.28	.24	.64	.72	.92	.96	
Construction in Progress	25.34	5.83	-	~	25.34	5.83	
Right To Use Lease	15	.02			15	.02	
Totals	<u>\$53.43</u>	<u>\$34.43</u>	<u>\$.72</u>	<u>\$.72</u>	<u>\$54.07</u>	<u>\$35.15</u>	

On-behalf of amounts are included in revenues and expenses. On-behalf payments as defined by KDE are payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance, benefits and administration fees and debt service. Further discussion of these can be found in Note B. Expenses that increased from 2023 to 2024 include instruction, student, instructional staff, plant operations, student transportation, facilities acquisition and construction, and other.

The changes in the balances and transactions of individual funds have not been material. Changes in final budget when compared to original are not material.

• The majority of revenue in 2024 was derived from state funding (61%) as compared with fiscal year 2023 (68%) with federal revenue making up (20%) of total revenue in 2024 compared to (16%) in 2023.

Comments on Budget Comparisons

- The District's General Fund total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, net of interfund transfers, were \$32.97 million.
- General Fund budget compared to actual revenue varied slightly from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$9.27 million more than budget.
- The total cost of all General Fund programs and services was \$32.7 million net of debt service.
- General Fund budget expenditures to actual varied significantly in instruction (\$4.81 million). This
 resulted from the Board recording the on-behalf payments made for the District and other
 expenses.

DEBT SERVICE

At year end, the District had approximately \$40.50 million in outstanding debt, compared to \$43.38 million last year. The District continues to maintain favorable debt ratings from Moody's and Standard & Poors.

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 - June 30; other programs, i.e. some federal operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a budget with \$3.8 million in contingency (8%). The General Fund beginning cash balance for beginning the fiscal year was \$5.45 million.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent or Gwenlyn Castle, Director of Finances or by mail at 253 North Mayo Trail, Paintsville, Ky 41240.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

June 30, 2024	Governmental Activities	Business Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,812,401	\$ 593,466	\$ 19,405,867
Investment	9,495,423	-	9,495,423
Inventory	•	71,581	71,581
Accounts receivable Taxes - current	551,237	_	551,237
Taxes - delinquent	551,257	-	
Accounts receivable	100,011	•	100,011
Intergovernmental - state	57,618	-	57,618
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	2,553,810	554,295	3,108,105
Total current assets	31,570,500	1,219,342	32,789,842
Noncurrent Assets:			
Net OPEB asset		43,711	43,711
Capital assets, not being depreciated	28,874,262	-	28,874,262
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,554,801	642,236	25,197,037
Total noncurrent assets	53,429,063	685,947	54,115,010
Total assets	84,999,563	1,905,289	86,904,852
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,497,619	585,861	3,083,480
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,915,663	228,967	5,144,630
Refunding of debt	136,791	-	136,791
Total deferred outflows of resources	7,550,073	814,828	8,364,901
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	3,899,851	94,693	3,994,544
Payroll liabilities	351,406	-	351,406
Unearned revenue	382,520	-	382,520
Current portion of bond obligations	1,778,722	-	1,778,722
Current portion of lease liability	214,327	-	214,327
Interest payable	341,434		341,434
Total current liabilities	6,968,260	94,693	7,062,953
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of lease liability	1,179,605	-	1,179,605
Noncurrent portion of bond obligations, net of discounts \$309,021 Noncurrent portion of accrued sick leave	37,332,146 322,881	-	37,332,146 322,881
Noncurrent portion of net pension liability	8,660,589	2,031,496	10,692,085
Noncurrent portion of net OPEB liability	5,630,653	-	5,630,653
Total noncurrent liabilities	53,125,874	2,031,496	55,157,370
Total liabilities	60,094,134	2,126,189	62,220,323
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	00,004,104	2,120,100	02,220,020
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,175,074	510,202	2,685,276
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	8,136,743	812,248	8,948,991
Total deferred inflows of resources	10,311,817	1,322,450	11,634,267
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	13,061,054	642,236	13,703,290
Restricted for:	13,001,034	042,230	13,703,230
School activity	323,484		323,484
District activity	18,695		18,695
Future construction	15,780,226	-	15,780,226
SFCC escrow	2,999,168	_	2,999,168
Debt service	20,571	-	20,571
Sick leave	322,881	-	322,881
Inventory		71,581	71,581
Food Service	-	(1,442,339)	(1,442,339)
Unrestricted	(10,382,394)	· · · ·	(10,382,394)
Total net position	\$_22,143,685	\$ (728,522)	\$ 21,415,163
See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.			

JOHNSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Program Revenues				(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Positi		
		Charges	Operating	Capital		Business-	
	Expenses	for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 31,251,034	\$-	\$ 11,509,483	\$-	\$ (19,741,551)	\$-	\$ (19,741,551)
Support services:							
Student	1,206,484	-	402,265	-	(804,219)	-	(804,219)
Instructional staff	153,404	-	-	. -	(153,404)	-	(153,404)
District administrative	882,716	-	112,131	-	(770,585)	-	(770,585)
School administrative	2,325,277	-	292,927	-	(2,032,350)	-	(2,032,350)
Business	820,107	-	-	-	(820,107)	-	(820,107)
Plant operation and maintenance	5,865,673	-	307,566	-	(5,558,107)	-	(5,558,107)
Student transportation	1,819,426	-	· 360,786	-	(1,458,640)	-	(1,458,640)
Central office	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	4,299,129	4,299,129	-	4,299,129
Community service activities	459,781	-	448,696	-	(11,085)	-	(11,085
Interest on long-term debt	1,770,135	-	-	-	(1,770,135)	-	(1,770,135
Other	531,448	<u> </u>	26,902	_	(504,546)	<u>-</u>	(504,546
Total governmental activities	47,085,485	-	13,460,756	4,299,129	(29,325,600)	-	(29,325,600)
Business-Type Activities:							
Food service	4,600,947	37,217	3,275,824	-	-	(1,287,906)	(1,287,906)
Day care operations	221,112	87,466		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(133,646)	(133,646)
Total business type activities	4,822,059	124,683	3,275,824	<u> </u>		(1,421,552)	(1,421,552)
Total primary government	\$ 51,907,544	\$ 124,683	\$ <u>16,736,580</u>	\$ 4,299,129	(29,325,600)	(1,421,552)	(30,747,152
			General Revenue	s:			
			Taxes: Property taxes		4,152,662	-	4,152,662
			Motor vehicle t		1,088,032	-	1,088,032
			Utility taxes		1,085,638	-	1,085,638
			Investment earn	inas	2,050,091	54,885	2,104,976
			State and formul	-	27,260,967	0,000	27,260,967
			Miscellaneous		1,270,314	-	1,270,314
			Transfers		140,381	- (140,381)	1,270,314
			Transfers		140,301	(140,301)	-

Gain on sale of assets

Changes in net position

Net position - beginning

Net position - ending

230,988

7,953,473

14,190,212 \$ 22,143,685 230,988

6,446,425 14,968,738

\$ 21,415,163

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(1,507,048)

\$

778,526

(728,522)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

June 30, 2024					Other	Total
	General Fund	Special Revenue	Construction Fund	FSPK Fund	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Assets and Resources:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,190,702	\$-	\$ 9,286,065	\$ 2,999,168	\$ 336,466	\$ 18,812,401
Investment	-	-	9,495,423	-	-	9,495,423
Interfund receivable	1,555,980	-	-	-	-	1,555,980
Accounts receivable						
Taxes - current	551,237	-	-	-	-	551,237
Taxes - delinquent	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts receivable	72,302	-	-	-	27,709	100,011
Intergovernmental - state	-	57,618	•	-	-	57,618
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	<u> </u>	2,553,810	i	<u> </u>	·	2,553,810
Total assets and resources	\$ 8,370,221	\$2,611,428	\$ 18,781,488	\$ 2,999,168	\$ 364,175	\$ 33,126,480
Liabilities and Fund Balances:						
Llabllitles						
Interfund payable	\$-	\$ 1,555,980	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,555,980
Accounts payable	224,236	672,928	3,001,262	-	1,425	3,899,851
Payroll liabilities	351,406	-	-	-	-	351,406
Unearned revenue	<u> </u>	382,520			. <u> </u>	382,520
Total llabilities	575,642	2,611,428	3,001,262		1,425	6,189,757
Fund Balances:						
Restricted For:						
School activity	-	-	-	-	323,484	323,484
District activity	-	-	-	-	18,695	18,695
Future construction	-	· -	15,780,226	-	-	15,780,226
SFCC escrow	-	-	-	2,999,168		2,999,168
Debt service	-	-	-	-	20,571	20,571
Sick leave payable	322,881	-	-		-	322,881
Unassigned:						
Undesignated, reported in:						
General fund	7,471,698				. <u> </u>	7,471,698
Total fund balances	7,794,579		15,780,226	2,999,168	362,750	26,936,723
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 8,370,221	\$2,611,428	<u>\$ 18,781,488</u>	\$ 2,999,168	<u>\$ 364,175</u>	\$ 33,126,480

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

Total fund balance per fund financial statement	\$ 26,936,723
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not current financial resources, but they are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	53,429,063
Refunding of debt is reported as part of deferred outflows of resources and is not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not available to pay current-period expenditures, but they are reported in the Statement of Net Position.	136,791
Pension contributions after measurement date are reported as a deferred outflows of resources.	957,505
OPEB contributions after measurement date are reported as a deferred outflows of resources.	427,425
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(8,660,589)
Net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in government funds.	(5,630,653)
Pension related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore are not reported in the governmental funds, but they are presented in the statement of net position, as follows:	
Deferred pension outflows of resources	1,540,114
Deferred OPEB outflows of resources	4,488,238
Deferred pension inflows of resources	(2,175,074)
Deferred OPEB inflows of resources	(8,136,743)
Certain liabilities (such as lease liability, KSBIT assessments, bonds payable - net of discount, the long-term portion of accrued sick leave, and accrued interest) are not reported in this fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the Statement of Net Position.	(41 160 115)
Net position for governmental activities	<u>(41, 169, 115)</u> <u>\$ 22, 143,685</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Special Revenue	Construction Fund	FSPK Funds	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:						
From local sources						
Taxes						
Property	\$ 2,812,344	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,340,318	\$-	\$ 4,152,662
Motor vehicle	1,088,032	-	-	-	-	1,088,032
Utilities	1,085,638	-	-	-	-	1,085,638
Tuition and fees	-	-	-	-	-	•
Earnings on investments	601,223	2,831	1,433,472	· •	12,565	2,050,091
Other local revenues	119,772	180,843	•	•	1,150,542	1,451,157
Intergovernmental – state	27,077,424	2,202,535	-	3,374,976	829,671	33,484,606
Intergovernmental – indirect federal	183,543	11,077,378	<u> </u>		94,482	11,355,403
Total revenues	32,967,976	13,463,587	1,433,472	4,715,294	2,087,260	54,667,589
Expenditures:						
Instruction	21,015,910	11,455,439	-	-	1,043,920	33,515,269
Support services:						
Student	804,219	402,265	-	-	-	1,206,484
Instructional staff	153,404	-	-	-	-	153,404
District administrative	766,358	112,131	-	-	-	878,489
School administrative	2,032,350	292,927	-	-	-	2,325,277
Business	810,255	•	•	•	•	810,255
Plant operation and maintenance	4,891,183	307,566	•	•	11,112	5,209,861
Student transportation	2,086,821	360,786	-	-	72,949	2,520,556
Central office	-	-	-	-	-	
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	19,507,501	-	-	19,507,501
Community service activities	11,085	448,696	-	-	-	459,781
Other	165,589	26,902		<u> </u>	4,730,626	4,923,117
Total expenditures	32,737,174	13,406,712	19,507,501	<u>_</u>	5,858,607	71,509,994
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	230,802	56,875	(18,074,029)	4,715,294	(3,771,347)	(16,842,405)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Bond proceeds	•	•	-	-	-	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	230,988	-	•	-	-	230,988
Operating transfers in	619,357	89,037	-	-	4,099,995	4,808,389
Operating transfers out	(409,504)	(145,912)	•	(3,799,824)	(312,768)	(4,668,008)
Non operating transfers in		•	-	-	•	•
Non operating transfers out						<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	440,841	(56,875)	····-	<u>(3,799,824)</u>	3,787,227	371,369
Net change in fund balance	671,643	-	(18,074,029)	915,470	15,880	(16,471,036)
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	7,122,936		33,854,255	2,083,698	346,870	43,407,759
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 7,794,579	<u> </u>	\$ 15,780,226	\$ 2,999,168	\$ 362,750	\$ 26,936,723

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Net change in total fund balances per fund financial statements	\$ (16,471,036)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in this fund financial statement because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the Statement of Activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives. The difference is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation for the year.	18,998,634
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds and financial obligations) provides current financial resources to government funds, while bond and lease liability payments are recognized as expenditures of current financial resources in the fund financial statement but are reductions of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	2,876,750
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding long-term debt, whereas in the governmental funds interest is not reported until due. This amount represents the net change in accured interest payable.	(255,216)
Changes in pension and OPEB expense are reported only in the statement of activities.	2,763,611
Generally, expenditures recognized in this fund financial statement are limited to only those that use current financial resources, but expenses are recognized in the Statement of Activities when they are incurred.	40,730
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,953,473

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STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

June 30, 2024

Assets	Food Service Fund	Day Care Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Current Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Inventory Accounts receivable Intergovernmental – indirect federal	\$	\$	\$
Total current assets	1,179,603	39,739	1,219,342
Noncurrent Assets: Net OPEB asset Capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	41,088 1,257,930 615,694	2,623	43,711 1,257,930 615,694
Total noncurrent assets	683,324	2,623	685,947
Total assets	1,862,927	42,362	1,905,289
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources	550,709 215,229 765,938	35,152 <u>13,738</u> 48,890	585,861 228,967 814,828
Liabilities		,	
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable	94,693_	<u> </u>	94,693
Total current liabilities	94,693	-	94,693
Noncurrent Liabilities: Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	1,909,606	121,890	2,031,496
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,909,606	121,890	2,031,496
Total liabilities	2,004,299	121,890	2,126,189
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	479,590 763,513	30,612 48,735	510,202 812,248
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,243,103	79,347	1,322,450
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	642,236 (1,260,773)	(109,985)	642,236 (1,370,758)
Total net position	\$ (618,537)	<u>\$ (109,985)</u>	<u>\$ (728,522)</u>

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service Fund	Day Care Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues:			
Lunchroom sales	\$ 37,217	\$ -	\$ 37,217
Day care revenue		87,466	87,466
Total operating revenues	37,217	87,466	124,683
Operating Expenses:			
Employee wages and benefits	2,471,383	212,393	2,683,776
Materials and supplies	1,988,501	4,947	1,993,448
Depreciation	92,928	-	92,928
Other operating expenses	48,135	3,772	51,907
Total operating expenses	4,600,947	221,112	4,822,059
Operating loss	(4,563,730)	(133,646)	(4,697,376)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
Federal grants	2,681,712	-	2,681,712
Donated commodities	87,388	-	87,388
State grants	506,724	•	506,724
Interest income	54,885	-	54,885
Transfers in	-	23,661	23,661
Transfers out	(164,042)		(164,042)
Total non-operating revenues	3,166,667	23,661	3,190,328
Change in net position	(1,397,063)	(109,985)	(1,507,048)
Net Position, July 1, 2023	778,526		778,526
Net Position, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ (</u> 618,537)	<u>\$ (109,985)</u>	<u>\$ (728,522)</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024 Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Food Service Fund	Day Care Fund	Total Proprietary Funds
Cash received from:			
Lunchroom sales	\$ 37,217	\$ -	\$ 37,217
Day care revenue	-	87,466	87,466
Cash paid to/for: Employees	(1,222,368)	(62,669)	(1,285,037)
Material and supplies	(1,794,782)	(4,947)	(1,799,729)
Other activities	(48,135)	(3,772)	(51,907)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(3,028,068)	16,078	(3,011,990)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Government grants	2,442,399	-	2,442,399
Transfers in (out)	(164,042)	23,661	(140,381)
Net cash provided by noncapital and related financing activities	2,278,357	23,661	2,302,018
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Purchases of capital assets	(16,004)	<u> </u>	(16,004)
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(16,004)	-	(16,004)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Receipt of interest income	54,885	·	54,885
Net cash provided by investing activities	54,885	-	54,885
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(710,830)	39,739	(671,091)
Balances, beginning of year	1,264,557	<u> </u>	1,264,557
Balances, end of year	<u>\$553,727</u>	<u>\$ 39,739</u>	\$ 593,466
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(400 040)	• (1007/070)
Operating (loss)	\$ (4,563,730)	\$ (133,646)	\$ (4,697,376)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities			
Depreciation	92,928	-	92,928
Donated commodities	87,388	-	87,388
On-behalf payments	479,311	-	479,311
Change in assets and liabilities			
Inventory	13,204	-	13,204
Deferred outflows/inflows and net pension liability	769,704	149,724	919,428
Accounts payable	93,127	<u> </u>	93,127
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	<u>\$ (3,028,068)</u>	\$ 16,078	\$ (3,011,990)
Schedule of non-cash transactions:			
Donated commodities received from federal government	\$ 87,388	\$-	\$ 87,388
On-behalf payments	\$ 479,311	\$ -	\$ 479,311

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUND

June 30, 2024

	Permanent Trust Fund
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 49,281
Total assets	\$ 49,281
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due student groups	\$ 1,000
Total liabilities	1,000
Net position held in trust	\$ 48,281

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Permanent Trust Fund
Additions:	
Other local revenues	\$ 3,090
Total revenues	3,090
Deductions:	
Instruction	12,560
Total expenditures	12,560
Change in net position	(9,470)
Net Position, July 30, 2023	57,751
Net Position, July 30, 2024	<u>\$ 48,281</u>

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Johnson County School District have been prepared to conform with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Superintendent of Schools is responsible for keeping records and accounts of all financial transactions in the manner prescribed by the State Board of Education. The following is a summary of the more significant of these policies.

Reporting Entity

The Johnson County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Johnson County School District ("District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and account groups relevant to the operation of the Johnson County Board of Education. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc.

The financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization are included in the accompanying financial statements:

<u>Johnson County School District Finance Corporation</u> – In a prior year the Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Johnson County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS Section 58.180) (the "Corporation") as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. The governmentwide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a Balance Sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, which reports on the changes in fund balance. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. Accordingly, the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the proprietary fund reports increases and decreases in total economic net worth. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The district may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

The District has the following funds:

- I. <u>Governmental Fund Types</u>
 - (A) The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is a major fund of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

- (B) The Special Revenue (Grant) Funds account for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.
- (C) Special Revenue Activity Fund is used to support co-curricular activities and are not raised and expended by student groups. District activity funds accounted for in the District bank account are not subject to the Redbook and may be expended with more flexibility than school activity funds but must meet the "educational purpose" standard for all District expenditures.
- (D) Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by proprietary fund).
 - 1. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
 - 2. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan. This is a major fund of the District.
 - 3. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. This is a major fund of the District.
- (E) The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky Law.
- (F) The District Activity Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for maintenance and up keep at each individual school. It is funded by monies collected at special events at the local school level and to be used for that particular school.

II. <u>Proprietary Fund Type (Enterprise Fund)</u>

- (A) The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund of the District.
- (B) The Day Care Fund is used to account for day care activities. This is listed as a major fund due to the nature of the activity.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

The District applies all GASB pronouncements to proprietary funds as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

III. Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency and Trust Funds)

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the <u>Uniform</u> <u>Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds</u>. The permanent trust fund is accounted for as an expendable trust fund on the modified accrual basis.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resource are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Due to GASB 65, this now has been re-characterized as unearned revenue.

Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures – On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Property Taxes

Property Tax Revenues - Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer, however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.60 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.60 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.525 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of one thousand dollars with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of, normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an assets life are not.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements25-50 years	
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

Leases

The District adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The District could be a lessee for various non-cancellable leases of equipment and vehicles.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Short-Term Leases

For leases with a maximum possible term of 12 months or less at commencement, the District recognizes expense/expenditure based on the provisions of the lease contract.

Leases Other than Short-Term

For all other leases, the District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the applicable columns of the District-wide (governmental or business-type activities) and proprietary fund financial statements.

Measurement of Lease Activity

At lease commencement, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, less lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus any initial direct costs ancillary to placing the underlying asset into service, less any lease incentives received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized into depreciation and amortization expense on a straight-line basis over the shorter of lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset. If the District is reasonably certain of exercising a purchase option contained in the lease, the lease asset will be amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset.

Key Estimates and Judgments

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to calculate the present value of the expected lease payments, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases unless the rate that the lessor charges is known.
- The lease term includes the non-cancellable period of the lease plus any additional periods covered by either the District or lessor option to (1) extend for which it is reasonably certain to be exercises, or (2) terminate for which it is reasonable certain not to be exercised. Period in which both the District and the lessor have a unilateral option to terminate (or if both parties have to agree to extend) are excluded from the lease term.
- Payments are evaluated by the District to determine if they should be included in the measurement of the lease liability, including those payments that require a determination of whether they are reasonably certain of being made.

Remeasurement of Lease Amounts

The District monitors changes in circumstances that may require remeasurement of a lease. When certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability, the liability is remeasured and a corresponding adjustment is made to the lease asset.

Presentation in Statement of Net Position

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with liabilities in the statement of net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statements of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination payment method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

Budgetary Process

Budgetary Basis of Accounting: The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Per Board policy, only amendments that aggregate greater than \$50,000 require Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

Each budget is prepared and controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

The budget for the Special Revenue Fund consists of the sum of each active grant's budget. Large variances between budgeted and actual activity can occur because grants with little activity during the year will have their entire budget rolled up into the combined budget for all grants.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements inventories are stated at cost and are expensed when used.

On fund financial statements inventories are stated at cost. The cost of inventory items is recorded as an expenditure in the governmental fund types when purchased.

The Food Service Fund is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method and the General Fund is stated at cost and uses the first-in, first-out method for inventory.

In-Kind

Local contributions, which include contributed services provided by individuals, private Districts and local governments, are used to match federal and state administered funding on various grants. The District also receives commodities from the USDA. The amounts of such services and commodities are recorded in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair market values.

Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

Investments

The private purpose trust funds record investments at their quoted market prices. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The permanent funds record investments at their quoted market value prices for purposes of the Statement of Net Position. All realized gains and losses and changes in fair value are recorded in the Statement of Activities. Long-term investments are not recorded on the fund financial statements nor are unrealized gains and losses.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Financial Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has fourteen items that gualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on debt refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Also, the other items are the District pension contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and Changes in Proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. In addition, we have OPED (CERS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, the difference between expected and actual experience, change of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and Changes in Proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPEB (KTRS) contributions subsequent to measurement date, changes of assumptions, changes in proportion and difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has ten items that qualifies for reporting in this category. For pensions difference between expected and actual experience, changes of assumption, it is the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions, net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan actual experience, and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) difference between expected and actual experience between expected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments, and the change in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. Then we have OPED (KTRS) difference between expected and actual experience, and changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

Fund Balance Reserves

The District reserves those portions of fund equity which are legally segregated for a specific future use or which do not represent available expendable resources and therefore are not available for appropriation or expenditure. Fund equity reserves have been established for inventories and fixed assets.

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into non-spendable and spendable components, if applicable.

Non-spendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Spendable include the following:

- Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the district using its highest level of decision making authority.
- Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, or committed. For the General Fund, amounts constrained by intent to be used for a specified purpose by the District or the delegated county committee or official given authority to assign amounts.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

• Unassigned-for the General Fund, amounts not classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, amount expended in excess of resources that are non-spendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

For resources considered committed, the district issues an ordinance or resolution that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance or resolution.

For resources considered assigned, the district has designated the board to carry out the intent of the school district.

It is policy of the District to spend restricted resources first, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available to spend on the activity. Once restricted resources are exhausted, then committed, assigned and unassigned resources will be spent in that order on the activity.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the Balance Sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the district incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the district has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

Net Position

Net positions represent the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources on the district-wide financial statements. Net positions are classified in the following categories:

Net investments in capital assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted net position – This amount is restricted by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted net position – This amount is the net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position and additions to /deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* ("GASB 96"). GASB 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. The Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset, an intangible asset, and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA: and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. GABS 96 will be effective for the District beginning with its year ending June 30, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In May 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022* ("GASB 99"), to provide guidance addressing various accounting and financial reporting issues identified during the implementation and application of certain GASB pronouncements or during the due process on other pronouncements. GASB 99 addresses, among other matters:

- Accounting and financial reporting for exchange or exchange-like financial guarantees:
- Clarification of certain provisions of Statement No.:
 - 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments,
 - o 87, Leases,
 - o 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership and Availability Payment Arrangements,
 - o 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA);
- Replacing the original deadline for use of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as a benchmark interest rate for hedges of interest rate risk of taxable debt with a deadline for when LIBOR ceases to be determined by the ICE Benchmark Administration using the methodology in place as of December 31, 2021;

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

- Accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP);
- Disclosures related to non-monetary transactions; and
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government.

Requirements that relate to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures for non-monetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarifications of certain provisions in Statement No. 34, and terminology updates are effective upon issuance. Requirements related to leases, public-public and public-private partnerships (PPPs), and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning June 15, 2022, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Requirements related to other derivative instruments are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Adoption of the provisions required for the year ending June 30, 2023 of this Statement did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62) ("GASB 100"), which has as its primary objective to provide more straightforward guidance that is easier to understand and is more reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable across governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. Improving the clarity of accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections will mean greater consistency in the application of these requirements in general.

GASB 100 prescribes accounting and financial reporting for each category of accounting change and error corrections, requiring that:

- Changes in accounting principle and error correction be reported retroactively by restating prior periods;
- Changes in accounting estimate be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period; and
- Changes to and within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period.
- Governments disclose the effects of each accounting change and error correction on beginning balances in a tabular format.

The requirements of GASB 100 are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and for all reporting periods thereafter. Management is currently evaluating the impact of this Statement on its financial statements.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* ("GASB 101"), which supersedes the guidance in Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, issued in 1992. GASB 101 aligns recognition and measurement guidance for all types of compensated absences under a unified model. It also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. Additionally, it establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that had not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. For example, a liability for leave that has not been used would be recognized if the leave:

- Is attributable to services already rendered;
- Accumulates; and
- Is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. Some exceptions to this
 general rule include parental leave, military leave and jury leave for which a liability would not be
 recognized until the leave commences.

Additionally, GASB 101 (1) provides an alternative to the existing requirement to disclose the gross annual

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – CONTINUED

increases and decreased in long-term liability for compensated absences, allowing governments to disclose only the net annual change in the liability as long as it is identified as such; and (2) removes the disclosure of the government funds used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. The requirements of GASB 101 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Adoption of this statement did not have a material effect on the District's financial statements.

NOTE B - ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, on-behalf payments were made on behalf of the District for KTRS – GASB 68 \$4,638,420, KTRS – GASB 75 \$381,427, KTRS GASB 75 LIF \$12,068, Health insurance \$4,520,835, Life insurance \$6,486, Administrative fee \$51,820, HRA/Dental/Vision \$169,575, Federal reimbursement (\$605,776), KEN services \$102,718, AT&T Firewall Services \$10,675, Munis financial management software and services \$9,993, McAfee virus protection software and services \$1,998, and SFCC debt service \$520,268. The overall total payments for on-behalf were \$9,820,507. In addition, \$94,482 was made from federal sources to satisfy a QZAB Bond payment. These payments were recognized as on-behalf payments and recorded in the appropriate revenue and expense accounts on the Statement of Activities.

NOTE C - ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the general purpose financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE D – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the School Depository Act. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's third party agent approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District's funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance.

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$19,455,148 and the bank balance was \$22,590,930. The entire bank balance throughout the year was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

The deposits were deemed collateralized under Kentucky law during the year. The Kentucky Department of Education maintains copies of all safekeeping receipts in the name of the District. The following is disclosed:

- a. Name of bank: Citizens National Bank
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$39,068,000.

The cash deposits held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are as follows:

- Category 1 Deposits which are insured to collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the District's name.
- Category 2 Deposits which are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the District's name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE D - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - CONTINUED

Category 3 Deposits which are not collateralized or insured.

As of June 30, 2024, based on these levels of risk, all of the District's cash deposits are classified as Category 2.

Breakdown per financial statements:

Government funds	\$18,812,401
Proprietary funds	593,466
Fiduciary funds	49,281
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents All Funds	<u>\$19.455.148</u>

NOTE E – INVESTMENTS

The District had an investment as of June 30, 2024 with U.S. Treasury bills issued on December 12, 2022 yielding 4.445% at US Bank and will be up on June 30, 2024. Market value as of June 30, 2024 was \$9,495,423.

Breakdown per fund financial statements:

Construction fund	<u>\$9,495,423</u>
	<u>\$9.495.423</u>

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Balance			Balance
<u>July 1, 2023</u>	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	<u>June 30, 2024</u>
\$ 3,298,137	\$ 237,419	\$-	\$ 3,535,556
5,831,205	19,507,501	•	25,338,706
1,398,481	-	-	1,398,481
47,907,591	-	56,779	47,850,812
881,197	42,785	-	923,982
620,395	73,791	-	694,186
4,118,727	757,774	-	4,876,501
62,962	162,579	62,962	162,579
64,118,695	20,781,849	119,741	<u>84,780,803</u>
1,247,264	23,686	-	1,270,950
24,094,073	1,432,199	56,779	25,469,493
798,824	38,106	-	836,930
3,118,621	225,067	-	3,343,688
383,212	29,405	· _	412,617
46,272	34,752	62,962	18,062
29,688,266	1,783,215	119,741	31,351,740
		<u> </u>	
<u>\$34,430,429</u>	<u>\$_18,998,634</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$53,429,063</u>
	July 1, 2023 \$ 3,298,137 5,831,205 1,398,481 47,907,591 881,197 620,395 4,118,727 <u>62,962</u> 64,118,695 1,247,264 24,094,073 798,824 3,118,621 383,212 <u>46,272</u> <u>29,688,266</u>	July 1, 2023Additions\$ 3,298,137\$ 237,419 $5,831,205$ 19,507,501 $1,398,481$ - $47,907,591$ - $881,197$ 42,785 $620,395$ 73,791 $4,118,727$ 757,774 $62,962$ 162,579 $64,118,695$ 20,781,849 $1,247,264$ 23,686 $24,094,073$ 1,432,199 $798,824$ 38,106 $3,118,621$ 225,067 $383,212$ 29,405 $46,272$ 34,752 $29,688,266$ 1,783,215	July 1, 2023AdditionsDeductions\$ 3,298,137\$ 237,419\$ $5,831,205$ 19,507,501 $1,398,481$ - $-$ - $47,907,591$ - $56,779$ $881,197$ $42,785$ $620,395$ $73,791$ $4,118,727$ $757,774$ $62,962$ $162,579$ $62,962$ $162,579$ $64,118,695$ $20,781,849$ $1,247,264$ $23,686$ $24,094,073$ $1,432,199$ $56,779$ $798,824$ $38,106$ $3,118,621$ $225,067$ $-383,212$ $29,405$ $-46,272$ $34,752$ $29,688,266$ $1,783,215$ $119,741$

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONTINUED

Business-Type Activities	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	<u>Deductions</u>	Balance June 30, 2024
General equipment	\$ 1,242,762	\$ 16,004	\$ 6,294	\$ 1,252,472
Technology equipment	5.458			5,458
Totals at historical cost	1,248,220	16.004	6.294	1,257,930
Less: accumulated depreciation				
General equipment	523,602	92,928	6,294	610,236
Technology equipment	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total accumulated depreciation Business-Type Activities	529,060	92,928	<u> </u>	615.694
Capital Assets - Net	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$(76,924</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$642,236</u>

Depreciation expense has been charged to the following functions in the statement of activities:

Instruction	\$	656,682
District administrative		4,227
Plant operation and maintenance		893,231
Student transportation		219,223
Business support services		9,852
Food service		<u>92,928</u>
	\$1	.876.143

NOTE G – BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Amounts	Interest Rates
2012 Refinancing	\$ 1,755,000	1.050% - 2.450%
2013 Refinancing	\$ 1,605,000	700% - 2.000%
2013	\$ 2,790,000	.400% - 4.000%
2015	\$ 2,650,000	2.000% ~ 3.250%
2017	\$ 5,430,000	1.500% - 3.150%
2019	\$ 995,000	2.250% - 2.875%
2020 Refinancing	\$ 1,335,000	1.000% - 1.000%
2021 Refinancing	\$ 2,020,000	1.000% - 1.250%
2021	\$ 2,235,000	1.000% - 2.100%
2023	\$26,420,000	4.000% - 4.125%

Internat

The 2012, 2013R, 2013, 2015, 2017, 2019, 2020R, 2021R, 2021, and 2023 bond issues were sold at a discount of \$15,211, \$38,681, \$14,288, \$42,797, \$30,931, \$19,100, \$1,734, \$9,447, \$40,614, and \$192,300 respectively. These amounts are being amortized over the life of the respective debt.

The District, through the General Fund (including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund) is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Johnson County School District Finance Corp. to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE G – BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS – CONTINUED

The proceeds from certain refunding issues have been placed in escrow accounts to be used to service the related debt.

On April 12, 2023, the District issued \$26,420,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2023) with an interest rate ranging from 4.000% to 4.125%.

On June 3, 2021, the District issued \$2,235,000 in Energy Conservation Revenue Bonds (Series 2021 with an interest rate ranging from 1.00% to 2.10%.

On June 3, 2021, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2007 and 2011) with a cumulative savings of \$249,541. The new 2021 bond series was issued for \$2,020,000 with an interest rate ranging from 1.0% to 1.25%.

On August 26, 2020, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2010) with a cumulative savings of \$181,730. The new 2020 bond series was issued for 1,335,000 with an interest rate ranging from 1.0% to 1.0%.

On July 30, 2019, the District issued \$955,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2019 with an interest rate ranging from 2.25% to 2.875%.

On September 7, 2017, the District issued \$5,430,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2017) with an interest rate ranging from 1.50% to 3.15% to finance improvements at various locations.

On November 18, 2015, the District issued \$2,650,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2015) with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 3.25% to finance improvements at various locations.

On November 26, 2013, the District issued \$2,790,000 in School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2013) with an interest rate ranging from .40% to 4.00% to finance improvements at various locations.

On May 9, 2013, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2005) with a cumulative savings of \$141,674. The new 2013 bond series was issued for \$1,605,000 with an interest rate ranging from .7% to 2.0%.

On March 7, 2012, the District refinanced the School Building Revenue Bonds (Series 2004) with a cumulative savings of \$140,545. The new 2012 bond series was issued for \$1,755,000 with an interest rate ranging from 1.05% to 2.45%.

The District has "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facilities Construction Commission. The Commission was created by the Kentucky Legislature for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The following table sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity at dates and redemption premiums specified in each issue. Assuming no issues are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

YEAR		N COUNTY . DISTRICT	KENTUCK FACILITIES CO <u>COMMI</u> S		TOTAL REQUIREMENTS <u>FOR YEAR</u>
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	
2024-2025	\$ 1,354,819	\$ 1,194,424	\$ 345,181	\$ 137,965	\$ 3,032,389

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

YEAR		ON COUNTY L DISTRICT	FACILITIES	CKY SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION <u>MMISSION</u>	TOTAL REQUIREMENTS FOR YEAR
	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	TOTAL
2025-2026	1,409,386	1,157,553	345,614	130,202	3,042,755
2026-2027	1,462,461	1,120,242	327,539	122,319	3,032,561
2027-2028	1,532,818	1,077,020	3 17, 182	114,524	3,041,544
2028-2029	1,679,857	1,028,243	325,143	106,563	3,139,806
2029-2030	1,756,503	972,930	333,497	98,208	3,161,138
2030-2031	1,835,424	914,321	319,576	89,402	3,158,723
2031-2032	1,920,407	852,195	234,593	80,857	3,088,052
2032-2033	2,191,949	787,527	243,051	72,399	3,294,926
2033-2034	2,299,417	223, 707	240,583	63,686	3,310,909
2034-2035	2,245,373	626,201	199,627	55,906	3,127,107
2035-2036	2,351,130	544,995	198,870	48,943	3,143,938
2036-2037	2,243,318	463,565	171,682	42,396	2,920,961
2037-2038	2,356,998	381,678	178,002	36,076	2,952,754
2038-2039	1,865,553	304,613	184,447	29,631	2,384,244
2039-2040	1,930,308	233,141	179,692	23,074	2,366,215
2040-2041	2,007,993	158,749	137,007	17,164	2,320,913
2041-2042	2,091,669	81,417	138,331	11,685	2,323,102
2042-2043	5.063	209	144.937	5.978	156.187
TOTALS	<u>\$34,540,446</u>	<u>\$12,606,246</u>	<u>\$ 4,564,554</u>	<u>\$ 1,286,978</u>	<u>\$52,998,224</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's debt obligation was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/23	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Less	\$42,305,000	\$-	\$ 3,200,000	\$39,105,000	\$ 1,700,000
Discounts on bonds	<u>(328,753)</u> <u>\$41.976.247</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>(21,608</u>) <u>\$ 3,178,392</u>	<u>(307,145</u>) <u>\$38,797,855</u>	<u>\$ 1,700.000</u>

QUALIFIED ZONE ACADEMY BONDS

The Johnson County School District Finance Corporation issued \$1,825,000 of Qualified Zone Academy Bonds (QZAB), Series 2010, December 1, 2010 under a guaranteed investment contract whereby the Johnson County School District will remit to the low bidder Monticello Banking Company contributions to an escrow account \$1,338,275 over an eighteen year period. The federal government will pay directly to the bank most of the annual interest expense leaving the board a small portion of interest due twice a year.

Funds from the escrow will be used to defease the entire bond upon maturity December 1, 2027. The 2010 QZAB sold at a discount of \$9,125. This amount is being amortized over the life of the respective debt. The minimum obligations of the funds at June 30, 2024 for the escrow and interest are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE G - BONDED DEBT AND LEASE OBLIGATIONS - CONTINUED

Year		n County District	Federal Rebate	Total Requirements <u>For Year</u>
	Escrow	Interest	Interest	Total
2024-2025 2025-2026 2026-2027 2027	\$ 78,722 78,722 78,722 <u>78,723</u>	\$ 2,007 2,008 2,007 1,003	\$ 100,193 100,192 100,193 <u>50,096</u>	\$ 180,922 180,922 180,922 <u>129,822</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 314.889</u>	<u>\$_7.025</u>	<u>\$_350,674</u>	<u>\$_672,588</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's QZAB debt obligation to the escrow was as follows:

	BALANCE 6/30/23	<u>ADDI</u>	TIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
Less:	\$393,611	\$	-	\$78,722	\$314,889	\$78,722
Discount on bonds	<u>(2,413)</u> <u>\$391,198</u>	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>(537)</u> <u>\$78.185</u>	<u>(1.876)</u> <u>\$313,013</u>	\$ <u>78,722</u>

The District is required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 to account for net pension liability and net OPEB liability on the statement of net position. The district is not required to make any payments toward these liabilities.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's changes in long term obligations for pensions and OPEB are as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance <u>6/30/23</u>	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/24	Due Within One Year
Net pension liability	\$11,204,630	\$-	\$ 2,544,041	\$8,660,589	\$-
Net OPEB liability	11,443,326		<u>5,812,673</u>	5,630,653	<u> </u>
Total government activities	<u>\$22.647.956</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$_8,356,714</u>	<u>\$14,291,242</u>	<u>\$</u>
Business - Type Activities	Balance 6/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/24	Due Within <u>One Year</u>
Business - Type Activities Net pension liability		<u>Additions</u> \$ 646,654	Reductions \$ -		
	6/30/23	·	······································	6/30/24	One Year

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE H -LEASES

KISTA Leases

On June 4, 2024, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$388,630 in transportation equipment (three school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate of 3.00% to 3.750%.

On April 13, 2022, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$331,484 in transportation equipment (three school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate of 3.00% to 3.750%.

On April 6, 2021, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$194,496 in transportation equipment (two school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate of 1.25% to 1.50%.

On March 11, 2020, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$291,466 in transportation equipment (three school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate of 2%.

On March 6, 2019, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$285,437 in transportation equipment (three school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate of 3%.

On March 21, 2018, the Kentucky Interlocal School Transportation Association (KISTA) entered into an equipment lease and security agreement with the Johnson County School District. The District received \$291,397 in transportation equipment (three school buses) and is required to make payments over a ten year period with an interest rate ranging from 2% to 3%.

The following is a schedule of equipment lease payments, by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Requirements</u>
2024-25	\$ 180,893	\$ 36,330	\$ 217,223
2025-26	179,128	34,820	213,948
2026-27	174,880	29,404	204,284
2027-28	171,193	24,137	195,330
2028-29	142,954	18,965	161,919
2029-30	118,249	14,566	132,815
2030-31	95,127	10,778	105,905
2031-32	75,590	7,396	82,986
2032-33	70,798	4,373	75,171
2033-34	38,522	<u> </u>	40,063
TOTALS	<u>\$_1,247,334</u>	<u>\$ 182,310</u>	<u>\$1,429,644</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE H - LEASES - CONTINUED

During the year ended June 30, 2024 the District's capital lease obligation was as follows:

BALANCE 6/30/23	ADDITIONS	REDUCTIONS	BALANCE 6/30/24	DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
\$997,201	\$ 388,630	\$138,497	\$1,247,334	\$180,893

Vehicle Leases (Right To Use)

On December 19, 2023 the Enterprise Feel Management entered in to a right to use 2024 Ram 1500 lease with a present value of \$42,518. The lease is for 60 months with a monthly payment of \$822.00. The lease is based on a discount rate average of 6%.

On December 19, 2023 the Enterprise Feel Management entered in to a right to use 2024 Ram 1500 lease with a present value of \$42,518. The lease is for 60 months with a monthly payment of \$822.00 The lease is based on a discount rate average of 6%.

On December 19, 2023 the Enterprise Feel Management entered in to a right to use 2024 Ram 2500 lease with a present value of \$50,468. The lease is for 60 months with a monthly payment of \$975.68 The lease is based on a discount rate average of 6%.

On December 19, 2023 the Enterprise Feel Management entered in to a right to use 2024 Nissan Pathfinder lease with a present value of \$27,075. The lease is for 36 months with a monthly payment of \$823.66. The lease is based on a discount rate average of 6%.

The following is a schedule of vehicle lease payments by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease:

<u>Year</u>	Principal	Interest	Total <u>Requirements</u>
2024-25	\$ 33,434	\$ 7,887	\$ 41,321
2025-26	35,495	5,825	41,320
2026-27	32,681	3,696	36,377
2027-28	29,541	1,896	31,437
2028-29	15,447	271	<u>15,718</u>
TOTALS	<u>\$146,598</u>	<u>\$ 19.575</u>	<u>\$_166,173</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District's Capital lease obligation on the right to use vehicles was as follows:

BALANCE			BALANCE	DUE WITHIN	
6/30/23			<u>6/30/24</u>	ONE YEAR	
\$16,904	\$	162,579	\$32,885	\$146,598	\$33,434

NOTE I – COMMITMENTS UNDER NONCAPITALIZED LEASES

The District had no commitments under noncapitalized leases at June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS

KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS)

The Johnson County School District contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Kentucky (KTRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. KTRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death and survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems and other public educational agencies in Kentucky. KTRS requires that members of KTRS occupy a position requiring either a four (4) year college degree or certification by Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). Job classifications that permit experience to substitute for either of these requirements do not participate in KTRS.

KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report can be obtained by writing to Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, 479 Versailles Road, Frankfort, Ky 40601 or from the KTRS web site at <u>http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/</u>.

Funding Policy – Contribution rates are established by KRS. Members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to KTRS. The Commonwealth of Kentucky is required to contribute 13.105% of salaries for members in a state retirement system before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% of salaries for members who started their account after June 30, 2008. The federal program for any salaries paid by that program pays the matching contributions. The local school districts pay employer matching on all employees who do not occupy federally funded positions. As part of the Shared Responsibility Plan, beginning July 1, 2010 each employer is required to pay the amount equal to the increase in employee contributions. Effective July 1, 2015, the current employer match is 3.00% of total gross non-federal salaries in the district and for individuals employed in federally funded positions the employer-matching rate is 16.105%.

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the pension benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires KTRS to provide access to post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The KTRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the KTRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The KTRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the KTRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Funding policy – In order to fund the post-employment healthcare benefit, active member contributions are matched by the state at .75% of members' gross salaries. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan. Additionally, under the Shared Responsibility Plan, the local school district employers pay 3.00% of members' salary for the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

The Johnson County School District's total payroll for the year was \$27,911,968. The payroll for employees covered under KTRS was \$19,556,044. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Commonwealth contributed \$3,737,104 to KTRS for the benefit of participating employees. The School district's contributions to KTRS for the year ending June 30, 2024 was \$1,204,108, which represents those employees covered by federal programs.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as it's proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net Pension Liability	\$	-
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net Pension liability associated with the District	77.1	12,684
·······, ·····························		12.684

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.4526%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,242,492 and revenue of \$10,242,492 for support provided by the State.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by applying procedures to the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

June 30, 2022
June 30, 2023
Entry Age Normal
Level percentage of payroll, closed
30 years
20% of the difference between market value of assets is recognized.
7.10%
3.66%
2.50%
3.00%-7.50%, including inflation
7.10%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
1.50% annually

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.1%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.6%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability as of the Measurement Date was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 67. We assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and that Employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on a pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report which is publically available at <u>http://www.ktrs.ky.gov/</u>.

COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS)

Plan Description

Classified employees (substantially all full-time Board employees other than certified employees) are covered by the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Kentucky Retirement System. CERS provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the State legislature. Under the provisions of the Kentucky Revised Statute Section 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement System administers CERS and has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions. The County Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Kentucky Retirement Systems, Perimeter Park West, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Benefits Provided

The following is a description of the plan and its benefits and is provided for general information purposes only. Participants should refer to the appropriate statutes for more complete information.

Retirement Benefit

CERS is designed to provide three types of benefits: a monthly retirement benefit for life based on the employee's salary and service (the pension benefit), health insurance benefits after retirement, and disability/death benefits.

Monthly retirement benefits are based on a formula established by statute which is (final compensation x benefit factor x years of service credit). Participants hired before 8/1/04 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of highest five years salary which must contain at least 48 months of service and includes lump-sum payments for compensatory time times 2.2% benefit factor times years of service credit. Participants hired after 8/1/04 but before 9/1/08 have a reduced benefit factor of 2.0%.

Participants hired after 9/1/08 have their monthly benefit calculated at the average of the five complete fiscal years immediately preceding retirement which must contain 60 months of service and does not include lump-sum payments for compensatory time. The benefit factor is 1.10% for 10 years or less of service, 1.30% for more than 10 years but no more than 20 years, 1.50% for greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years, 1.75% for greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years, and 2.00% for greater than 30 years.

At retirement, a retiree may choose to take a reduced monthly benefit in order to provide a monthly benefit to a beneficiary upon their death, either for a period certain or for the life of the beneficiary.

The system also provides for a statutory 1.5% annual increase to monthly benefits after retirement often referred to as the cost of living adjustment (COLA).

Medical Insurance

CERS also provides access to group rates on medical insurance for retired members, their spouse, and dependents. Coverage for retirees not eligible for Medicare is provided through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan the same health plan provided to state employees. Coverage for Medicare eligible retirees is provided through a plan administered by or contracted through the retirement systems which then coordinates with Medicare for delivery of health benefits.

As provided by state statute, CERS also subsidizes medical coverage for the retiree. In general, employees participating prior to 7/1/03 receive a percentage of the premium paid based upon service credit, while employees who begin participating after that date receive a set dollar amount for each year of service credit.

Disability and Death Benefits

Like most defined benefit plans, CERS provides benefits for those employees who become disabled or who die prior to retirement. Participants have to have a minimum of 5 years of service to apply for disability benefits and approval determined by systems under criteria established by state statute. CERS also provides death before retirement and special death in the line of duty benefits. After retirement, the benefits left to the retiree's beneficiary vary based upon the payment option selected at retirement. In addition, CERS provides a \$5,000 lump sum death benefit for members who retire with at least 4 years of service.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Contributions

Plan members are required to contribute 5.00% of their annual salary if hired before September 1, 2008 and 6% if hired on or after September 1, 2008 through payroll deductions and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 23.34% of the employee's total covered compensation, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District's contributions to CERS for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,463,961, which consisted of \$1,182,104 from the District and \$281,857 from the employees.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

KTRS portion of GASB 68 changes will be reported by the State only and the District will not reflect any of those changes in their report but the District will fully comply with all changes of GASB 68 concerning CERS and disclose those changes within the report.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$10,692,085 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.166634%, which was an decrease of 0.007518% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$512,396. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		red Outflows Resourc <u>es</u>		ed Inflows esources_
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	553,509	\$	29,053
Changes of assumptions		•		979,937
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investme	nts	1,155,048		1,300,894
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		192,819		375,392
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1 182 104		
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>3.083.480</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,685,276

\$1,182,104 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expenses follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

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For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Year ended June 30:	
2025	\$ (350,052)
2026	(569,030)
2027	238,691
2028	(103,509)
2029	-
Thereafter	<u> </u>
	<u>\$_(783.900)</u>

- -

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth Rate	2% for CERS Non-hazardous
Salary Increase	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous
Investment Rate of Return	6.25% for CERS non-hazardous

. . .

System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018 projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.50% per annum for the non-hazardous plan.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income	20.00%	
Core Bonds	10.00%	2.45%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Specialty Credit/High Yield	10.00%	3.65%
Inflation Protected	20.00%	
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	<u>5.15%</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE J – PENSION PLANS – CONTINUED

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Expected Real Rate	100.00%	5.75%
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		<u>2.50%</u>
Expected Nominal Retu	rn for Portfolio	8.25%

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% for CERS non-hazardous and CERS Hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statue as amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 29 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability using the discount rate of (6.50%), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.50%) or one percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount	1.0% Increase
	(5.50%)	<u>Rate (6.50%)</u>	<u>(7.50%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$13,499,403	\$10,692,085	\$8,359,098

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2023 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$200,897 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024. The payable includes both the pension and insurance contribution allocation.

NOTE K – OPEB PLAN

General Information about the OPEB plan

COUNTY EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CERS) OPEB PLANS

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The Johnson County School District participates in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS) Insurance Fund, a multiple-employer defined benefit Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) plan for members

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

that cover all regular full-time members employed by the District. The plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

Contributions

The District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024, was 0.00 percent of covered payroll. Contributions to the OPEB plan from the District were \$75,413 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$(230,058) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of covered payroll in the OPEB plan relative to the covered payroll of all participating OPEB employers. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.166628%, which was an decrease of 0.007494% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(516,769). At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

lonowing sources.	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of <u>Resources</u>	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 160,385	\$ 3,266,591	
Changes of assumptions	452,738	3 15,5 13	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	430,544	483,936	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	86,278	208,951	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	<u>75,143</u> \$_ <u>1,205088</u>	<u>\$ 4 274 991</u>	

\$75,143 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

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2025	\$	(798,713)
2026		(959,990)
2027		(727,276)
2028		(659,066)
2029		-
Thereafter		
	<u>\$</u> _	(3.145.045)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used in determining the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year ended June 30.

Inflation Payroll Growth Rate Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return Healthcare Trend Rates	2.30% 2.00% for CERS non-hazardous 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous 6.25% for CERS non-hazardous
Pre - 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Post – 65	Initial trend starting at 6.30% at January 1, 2023, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Mortality	,
Pre-retirement	PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010
Post-retirement (non-disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2019
Post-retirement (disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table below. The current long-term inflation assumption is 2.50% per annum for non-hazardous plan.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>
Equity	60.00%	
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected <u>Real Rate of Return</u>	
20.00%		
10.00%	2.45%	
0.00%	1.39%	
10.00%	3.65%	
20.00%		
7.00%	4.99%	
13.00%	<u>5.15%</u>	
100.00%	5.75%	
Long-Term Inflation Assumption		
Expected Nominal Return for Portfolio		
	20.00% 10.00% 0.00% 10.00% 20.00% 7.00% 13.00% 100.00%	

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend

District's proportionate	1.0% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	<u>1.0% Increase</u>
share of the net OPEB liability	\$(737,375)	\$(230,058)	\$393,134

Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% for CERS non-hazardous insurance plan and 5.97% for the CERS hazardous insurance plan were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, each plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected separately and were sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the plan. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the plan's actuarially determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that each participating employer in each insurance plan contributes the actuarially determined employer contribution each future year calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability using the discount rate of (5.93%), as well as what the District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability would be if it were

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K – OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED

calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (4.93%) or one percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Current Discount	1.0% Increase
	(4.93%)	<u>Rate (5.93%)</u>	(6.93%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$431,730	\$(230,058)	\$(784,225)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KRS 2023 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report at kyret.ky.gov.

KENTUCKY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (KTRS) OPEB PLANS

Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statues (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statue 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions - In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three and three quarter percent (3.75%) is paid by member contributions and three quarter percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K – OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Medical Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$5,817,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.440127%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,817,000
Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the	
District	4,903,000
	\$10,720,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(225,000). At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 1,972,000
Changes of assumptions	1,322,000	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	109,000.	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,056,000	2,702,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>452,542</u> <u>\$ 3,939,542</u>	<u>\$_4,674,000</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$452,542 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2025	\$ (398,000)
2026	(319,000)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

<u>Year</u>	
2027	17,000
2028	(37,000)
2029	(211,000)
Thereafter	(239,000)
	<u>\$ (1 187 000)</u>

Actuarial methods and assumptions For Health and Life -- The TOL as of June 30, 2023 was determined based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of June 30, 2022, using the new actuarial assumptions adopted by the Board subsequent to the June 30, 2022 valuation based on the experience investigation for the five-year period ending June 30, 2022. The following actuarial assumptions are applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Real wage growth	0.25%
Wage inflation	2.75%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.00% - 7.50%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation Health Trust Life Trust	7.10% 7.10%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Health Trust Life Trust	N/A N/A
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation Health Trust Life Trust	7.10% 7.10%
Health Trust Health Care Cost Trends	
Medical Trend	6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the Board on September 20, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done currently with the June

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K – OPEB PLAN – CONTINUED

30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the total TOL liability roll forward, while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the total TOL liability roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on Health Trust and Life Trust investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Assumed asset allocation:

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

1166		
<u>Asset Class</u>	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.0%
Small Cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.5%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.9%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.8%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.7%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.2%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.0%
Cash	<u> 1.0% </u>	1.6%
Total	<u> 100,0%</u>	
I	Life Insurance Trust	
Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	40.0%	5.2%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.5%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.1%
Fixed Income	21.0%	1.9%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	4.0%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.2%
Private Equity	5.0%	8.0%
Cash	2.0%	1.6%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	

Health Insurance Trust

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 7.10%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current rate:

	1.0% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount <u>Rate (7.10%)</u>	1.0% Increase (8.10%)		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$7,482,000	\$5,817,000	\$4,441,000		

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

1.0%		Current Trend	1.0%		
Decrease		Rate	Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$4,188,000	\$5,817,000	\$7,846,000		

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statue 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to KTRS Life Insurance Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE K - OPEB PLAN - CONTINUED

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$

Commonwealth's proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability associated with the District

<u>121.000</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the Commonwealth as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.429934%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$-0- and revenue of \$-0- for support provided by the state.

Actuarial methods and assumptions – The Actuarially Determined Contribution rates, as percentage of payroll, used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions (Appendix A) are calculated as of the indicated Valuation Date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2023 for the Life Trust:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Payroll
Remaining Amortization period	24 years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	3.00%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage	
inflation	3.50% - 7.20%
Discount Rate	7.50%

Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$ -0- for the outstanding amount of contributions to the OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE L - CONTINGENCIES - CONTINUED

funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if based upon the grantor's review, the funds are considered not to have been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced, or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE M - LITIGATION

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress, except as described elsewhere in this report.

NOTE N - INSURANCE AND RELATED ACTIVITIES

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks of fire, personal liability, theft, vehicular accidents, errors and omissions, fiduciary responsibility, etc. Each of these risk areas is covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which includes Workers' Compensation insurance.

NOTE O - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss of torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District participates in the Kentucky School Boards' Insurance Trust Liability Insurance Fund. These public entity risk pools operate as common risk management and insurance programs for all school districts and other tax supported educational agencies of Kentucky who are members of the Kentucky School Boards Association. The District pays an annual premium to each fund for coverage. Contributions to the Workers' Compensation Fund are based on premium rates established by such fund in conjunction with the excess insurance carrier, subject to claims experience modifications and a group discount amount. Dividends may be declared, but are not payable until twenty-four (24) months after the expiration of the self-insurance term. The Liability Insurance Fund pays insurance premiums of the participating members established by the insurance carrier. The Trust can terminate coverage if it is unable to obtain acceptable excess general liability coverage and for any reason by giving ninety (90) days notice. In the event the Trust terminated coverage, any amount remaining in the Fund (after payment of operational and administrative costs and claims for which coverage was provided) would be returned to the member on a pro rata basis.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE P – DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES

The Business-type Activities (Proprietary Fund) had a deficit net position of \$728,522 during the current year due to the recording of GASB 68 Pensions and GASB 75 OPEB.

There are no other funds of the District that currently have a deficit fund balance. However, the following funds have operations that resulted in a current year deficit of revenues over expenditures resulting in a corresponding reduction of fund balance:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE P - DEFICIT OPERATING BALANCES - CONTINUED

Construction Fund	\$18,074,029
District Activity Fund	\$ 13,956
Fiduciary Fund	\$ 9,470
Proprietary Fund	\$ 1,507,048

NOTE Q – COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss contingency.

NOTE R – TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

<u>Type</u>	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	 Amount	
Operating	General	Special Revenue	Technology	\$ 89,037	
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	HB 678	\$ 309,403	
Operating	FSPK	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 3,799,824	
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 145,912	
Operating	Proprietary	General	Indirect Costs Food Service	\$ 164,042	
Operating	Student Activity	District Activity	Sweep	\$ 3,365	
Operating	General	Debt Service	Debt Service	\$ 296,806	
Operating	General	Proprietary	Day Care	\$ 23,661	

NOTE S - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

There was an interfund receivable and payable at June 30, 2024 between the following funds:

	Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	Purpose		
General Fund Special Revenue Fund	\$1,555,980	\$1,555,980	Cash shortage Cash shortage		

NOTE T – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused disruption through limited district activities. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the disruption. At this time, the District is uncertain on the disruption's impact on its operating results.

Subsequent events were considered through October 28, 2024, which represents the release date of our report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
Devenue	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues: From local sources				
Taxes	\$ 2,915,000	\$ 2 015 000	¢ 2,012,244	¢ (102 656)
Property Motor vehicle		\$ 2,915,000	\$ 2,812,344	\$ (102,656)
Utilities	850,000	850,000	1,088,032	238,032
Tuition and fees	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,085,638	(14,362)
Earnings on investments	- 488,451	- 488,451	601,223	- 112,772
Other local revenues	10,000	10,000	119,772	109,772
Intergovernmental - state	18,245,565	18,238,028	27,077,424	8,839,396
-	100,000	100,000	183,543	83,543
Intergovernmental - indirect federal	100,000	100,000	103,343	03,043
Total revenues	23,709,016	23,701,479	32,967,976	9,266,497
Expenditures:				
Instruction	16,211,124	16,203,587	21,015,910	(4,812,323)
Support services:				
Student	541,333	541,333	804,219	(262,886)
Instructional staff	130,090	130,090	153,404	(23,314)
District administrative	4,586,241	4,586,241	766,358	3,819,883
School administrative	1,744,412	1,744,412	2,032,350	(287,938)
Business	466,076	466,076	810,255	(344,179)
Plant operation and maintenance	4,566,216	4,566,216	4,891,183	(324,967)
Student transportation	1,913,068	1,913,068	2,086,821	(173,753)
Central office	-		-	-
Community service activities	26,638	26,638	11,085	15,553
Other	459,763	459,763	165,589	294,174
Total expenditures	30,644,961	30,637,424	32,737,174	(2,099,750)
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(6,935,945)	(6,935,945)	230,802	7,166,747
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	10,000	10,000	230,988	220,988
Operating transfers in	254,000	254,000	619,357	365,357
Operating transfers out	(87,380)	(87,380)	(409,504)	(322,124)
Total other financing sources (uses)	176,620	176,620	440,841	264,221
Net change in fund balance	(6,759,325)	(6,759,325)	671,643	7,430,968
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	6,759,325	6,759,325	7,122,936	363,611
Fund b ala nce, June 30, 2024	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 7,794,579	\$ 7,794,579

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Devenues	<u>Budgetec</u> Original	d Amounts Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Variances with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues:	¢	¢ 1000	¢ 0.004	¢ 1001	
Earnings on investments Other local revenues	\$ - 64,342	\$ 1,000 91,384	\$ 2,831 180,843	\$ 1,831	
State aid	1,720,884	91,384 1,938,386	2,202,535	89,459 264,149	
Federal aid	4,219,946	4,435,532	11,077,378	6,641,846	
	4,2 19,940	4,430,002	11,077,370	0,041,040	
Total revenues	6,005,172	6,466,302	13,463,587	6,997,285	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	4,804,388	5,212,114	11,455,439	(6,243,325)	
Support Services:					
Student	734,315	735,482	402,265	333,217	
Instructional staff		-	-	-	
District administration	76,902	173,532	112,131	61,401	
School administration	-	-	292,927	(292,927)	
Business	-	-	-	~	
Plant operations and maintenance	-	-	307,566	(307,566)	
Student transportation	-	-	360,786	(360,786)	
Central office	-	-	-	-	
Community services activities	453,285	457,020	448,696	8,324	
Other			26,902	(26,902)	
Total expenditures	6,068,890	6,578,148	13,406,712	(6,828,564)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	(63,718)	(111,846)	56,875	168,721	
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	63,718 	112,033 (<u>187)</u>	89,037 (145,912)	(22,996) (145,725)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	63,718	111,846	(56,875)	(168,721)	
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-	
Fund balance July 1, 2023	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Fund balance June 30, 2024	\$-	\$	\$	\$	

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

JUNE 30, 2024

CERS:	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
CERS. District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0,198881%	0.193384%	0.192858%	0.185340%	0.174758%	0.172750%	0.172111%	0.166001%	0.174152%	0.166634%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 6,452,000	\$ 8,314,574	\$ 9,495,609	\$ 10,848,520	\$ 10,643,295	\$ 12,149,584	\$ 13,200,771	\$ 10,583,866	\$ 12,589,472	\$ 10,692,085
District's covered-employee payrol	\$ 4,527,595	\$ 4,613,113	\$ 4,524,459	\$ 4,331,510	\$ 4,369,969	\$ 4,439,947	\$ 4.267,078	\$ 4,880,579	\$ 4,909,265	\$ 5,064,713
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	142.50%	180.24%	209.87%	250.46%	243.56%	273.64%	309.36%	216.86%	256.40%	211.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	6680%	6000%	55.50%	53.30%	53.54%	50.45%	47.81%	57.33%	52.42%	57.48%
KTRS: District's proportion of net pension liability	0.5298%	0.5101%	0.5038%	0.5113%	0.4702%	0.4794%	0.4773%	0.4587%	0.4648%	0.4526%
Districts proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	S -	s -	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	s -	\$ -
State of Kentucky's share of the net pension liability associated with the district Total	108,870,303 \$_108,870,303	<u>118,701,577</u> <u>\$ 118,701,577</u>	148,622,134 \$ 148,622,134	137 961 692 \$ 137 961 692	61 570386 \$ 61 570386	65,405,705 \$ 65,405,705	67643.376 \$ 67643.376	59.699.144 \$ 59699,144	78742105 \$ 78742,105	77,112,684 \$ 77,112,684
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,623,646	\$ 16,675,652	\$ 17,194,930	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702.908
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	0.00%	000%	000%	0.00%	0.00%	000%	000%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	45.59%	44.70%	57.04%	39.80%	59.30%	58.80%	58.27%	65.59%	56.41%	57.68%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2024

CERS:	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
Contractually required contribution	\$ 577,268	\$ 572,949	\$ 631,162	\$ 627,203	\$ 708,809	\$ 856.910	\$ 823,546	\$ 1,033,207	\$ 1,148,768	\$ 1,182,104
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	577,268	572,949	631,162	627,203	708,809	856,910	823,546	1,033,207	1,148,768	1,182,104
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u></u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,527,595	\$ 4,613,113	\$ 4,524,459	\$ 4,331,510	\$ 4,369,969	\$ 4,439,947	\$ 4,267,078	\$ 4,880,579	\$ 4,909,265	\$ 5,064,713
Contributions as a percentage of covere d-employee payroll	12.75%	12.42%	13.95%	14.48%	16.22%	19.30%	19.30%	21,17%	23.40%	23.34%
KTRS: Contractually required contributions (actuarially determined)	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$	\$ -	\$	\$
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	<u></u>		<u>-</u>	<u>,</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	_	<u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>
Covered employee payroll	\$ 16,623,646	\$ 16,675,652	\$ 17,194,930	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702,908
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	000%	0.00%	000%	0.00%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. τ

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SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

JUNE 30, 2024

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
CERS - INSURANCE FUND: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.185340%	0.174751%	0.172708%	0.172061%	0.165962%	0.174122%	0.166628%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,725,968	\$ 3,102,669	\$ 2,904,871	\$ 4,154,750	\$ 3,177,259	\$ 3,436,321	\$ (230,058)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,331,510	\$ 4,369,969	\$ 4,439,947	\$ 4,267,078	\$ 4,880,579	\$ 4,909,265	\$ 5,064,713
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	86.02%	71.00%	65.43%	97.37%	65.10%	69.90%	4.54%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	52.40%	57.62%	60.44%	51.67%	62.91%	60.95%	104.23%
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN:							
District's proportion of net OPEB liability	0.494741%	0.456057%	0.466648%	0.465194%	0.447611%	0.448703%	0.440127%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 9,710,000	\$ 8,499,000	\$ 7,556,000	\$ 6,519,000	\$ 5,300,000	\$ 8,385,000	\$ 5,817,000
State of Kentucky's share of the net OPEB liability	7000 000	7 005 000	0.400.000	5 222 222	4 20 4 000	0.754.000	4 000 000
associated with the district TOTAL	7,932,000 \$ 17,642,000	7,325,000 \$ 15,824,000	<u>6.102,000</u> \$ 13,658,000	5,222,000 \$ 11,741,000	4,304,000 \$ 9,604,000	2,754,000 \$ 11,139,000	4,903,000 \$ 10,720,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702,908
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-payroll	56.48%	51.39%	44.19%	37.88%	30.67%	45.40%	31.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the to te l OPEB liability	21.18%	25,50%	32.58%	39.05%	51.74%	47.75%	52.97%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY (CONCLUDED)

JUNE 30, 2024

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.483462%	0.445619%	0.456232%	0.454905%	0.437606%	0.440549%	0.429934%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	106,000 \$ 106,000	126,000 \$ 126,000	142,000 \$ 142,000	158,000 \$ 158,000	57,000 \$57,000	137,000 \$ 137,000	121,000 \$ 121,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702,908
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	79.99%	75.00%	73.40%	71.57%	89.15%	73.97%	76.91%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS

JUNE 30, 2024

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	<u> 6/30/2024 </u>
CERS - INSURANCE FUND: Contractually required contribution	\$ 249,118	\$ 279,912	\$ 273,714	\$ 305,079	\$ 386,654	\$ 290,317	\$ 75,413
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	249,118	279,912	273,714	305,079	386,654	290,317	75,413
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,331,510	\$ 4,369,969	\$ 4,439,947	\$ 4,267,078	\$ 4,880,579	\$ 4,909,265	\$ 5,064,713
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	5.75%	6.41%	6.16%	7.15%	7.92%	5.90%	1.48%
KTRS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contributions	\$ 466,536	\$ 436,344	\$ 449,532	\$ 456,161	\$ 438,441	\$ 448,149	\$ 452,542
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	466,536	436,344	449,532	456,161	438,441	448,149	452,542
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702,908
District's contributions as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	2.71%	2.64%	2.63%	2.65%	2.54%	2.40%	2.41%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS (CONCLUDED)

JUNE 30, 2024

	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023	6/30/2024
KTRS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN: Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>.</u>	~	<u>_</u>		*	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,192,269	\$ 16,538,315	\$ 17,097,439	\$ 17,208,043	\$ 17,281,976	\$ 18,455,994	\$ 18,702,908
District's contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – GENERAL INFORMATION

Contributions

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

<u>Payroll</u>

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for Pension and OPEB.

NOTE B – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

June 30, 2023 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023 for OPEB:

The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2023, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2023, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2023, for pension.

June 30, 2022 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was 6.40% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was 6.30% at January 1, 2022, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, for pension.

June 30, 2021 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for OPEB:

• The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 6.40% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 2.90% to 6.30%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2021, for pension.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE B – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS – CONTINUED

June 30, 2020 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

The following change in assumptions was made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for OPEB:

 The initial healthcare trend rate for pre-65 was changed from 7% to 6.40%, which gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years. The initial healthcare trend rate for post-65 was changed from 5% to 2.90%, which increases to 6.30% in 2023 and then gradually decreases to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 14 years.

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2020, for pension.

June 30, 2019 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both pension and OPEB:

The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average.

June 30, 2018 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for either pension or OPEB.

June 30, 2017 - Pension - Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed rate of return was deceased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%.

June 30, 2016 – Pension and OPEB – Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for either pension or OPEB.

June 30, 2015 – Pension – Non-hazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CERS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE B - CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

June 30, 2014 – Pension – Non-hazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

June 30, 2013 – Pension – Non-hazardous

The following assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the initial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013:

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to the surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

Senate Bill 169 passed during the 2021 legislative session and increased the disability benefits for qualified members who become "totally and permanently disabled" as a result of a duty-related disability. The minimum disability benefit increased from 25% of the member's monthly final rate of pay to 75% of the member's monthly average pay. The insurance premium for the member, the member's spouse, and the member's dependent children shall also be paid in full by the System. For non-hazardous members to be eligible for this benefit, they must be working in a position that could be certified as a hazardous position. There were no other material plan provision changes since the prior valuation.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

In the 2020 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub-2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, setbacks and adjustments for each of the groups: service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.5% to 7.1% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.5%.

In 2019, valuation on the salary increase was reduced to 3.5% - 7.3% from 4.0% - 8.2%.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS)

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A -- CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS -- CONTINUED

In 2018, the calculation of Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

In 2017, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increases were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scales AA, which was used prior to 2016.

In the 2011 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2011 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with projection scale AA, set back one year for females rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Tables which was used prior to 2016. For the 2011 valuation through the 2013 valuation, an interest smoothing methodology was used to calculate liabilities for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contributions.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported in the most recent year of the schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll
Amortization Period (closed)	24 years
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed value
Real Wage Growth	0.50 percent
Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary Increases, including Wage Inflation	3.50 – 7.20 percent
Discount Rate	7.50 percent

NOTE C - CHANGES OF BENEFITS

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

NOTE A- CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

2017 There were no changes in assumptions.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A – CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS - CONTINUED

<u>2018</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2019</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2020</u>

Health care cost trend rates were updated for the June 30, 2019 valuation.

<u>2021</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2022</u>

There were no changes in assumptions.

<u>2023</u>

The health care trend rates as well as the TRS 4 retirement decrements were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

NOTE B – METHOD AND ASSUMPTIONS USED IN CALCULATIONS OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS

Methods and assumptions used in the actuarially determined contributions – The actuarially determined contribution rates, as a percentage of payroll, used to determine the actuarially determined contribution amounts in the Schedule of Employer Contributions are calculated as the of the indicated valuation date. The following actuarial methods and assumptions (from the indicated actuarial valuations) were used to determine contribution rates reported in that schedule for the year ending June 30, 2022:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent of Payroll
Amortization Period	21 years, Closed
Asset Valuation Method	Five-year smoothed value
Inflation	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases, Including	
Wage Inflation	3.0% - 7.5%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Healthcare Cost Trends	
Medical Trend	6.75% for FY 2023 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by FY 2032
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FY 2023 with an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2034

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (TRS) SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE C – CHANGES OF BENEFITS

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Changes of benefit terms (June 30, 2018) – With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHP-participating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the state will only finance, via its KEHP "Shared Responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHP-participating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Benefit changes, which are reflected immediately, will increase OE, if there is a benefit improvement for existing Plan members, or decrease OE, if there is a benefit reduction. For the year ended June 30, 2023, there was no benefit change to be recognized.

COMBINING STATEMENTS - NONMAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2024

	School Activity Fund	District Activity Fund	Seek Capitał Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets and Resources:					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivables	\$ 296,875 27,709	\$ 19,020 _	\$	\$ 20,571 	\$ 336,466 27,709
Total assets and resources	\$ 324,584	\$ 19,020	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 20,571</u>	\$ 364,175
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,100	\$ 325	\$-	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 1,425</u>
Total liabilities	1,100	325		-	1,425
Fund Balances: Restricted For:					
School activity	323,484	-	-	-	323,484
District activity	-	18,695	-	-	18,695
Debt service				20,571	20,571
Total fund balances	323,484	18,695		20,571	362,750
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 324,584	\$ 19,020	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 20,571</u>	\$ 364,175

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	School Activity Fund	District Activity Fund	Seek Capital Outlay Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
From local sources					
Taxes	_				
Property	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-
Earnings on investments	-	-	· –	12,565	12,565
Other local revenues	1,138,326	12,216	-	-	1,150,542
Intergovernmental - state	-	-	309,403	520,268	829,671
Intergovernmental - indirect federal		<u> </u>		94,482	94,482
Total revenues	1,138,326	12,216	309,403	627,315	2,087,260
Expenditures:					
Instruction	1,025,495	18,425	-	-	1,043,920
Support services:					
Student	-	-	-	-	-
Instructional staff	-	-	-	-	-
Direct administrative	-	-	-	-	-
School administrative	-	-	-	-	-
Business	-	-	-	-	-
Plant operation and maintenance		11,112	-	-	11,112
Student transportation	72,949	•	-	-	72,949
Central office	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities and construction	-	-	-	-	-
Community service activities	-	-	-	-	4 700 000
Other	19,246			4,711,380	4,730,626
Total expenditures	1,117,690	29,537		4,711,380	5,858,607
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	20,636	(17,321)	309,403	(4,084,065)	(3,771,347)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Bonds proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	-	3,365	-	4,096,630	4,099,995
Operating transfers out	(3,365)	-	(309,403)	-	(312,768)
Non operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-
Non operating transfers out		- <u></u>			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,365)	3,365	(309,403)	4,096,630	3,787,227
Net change in fund balance	17,271	(13,956)	-	12,565	15,880
Fund balance, July 1, 2023	306,213	32,651		8,006	346,870
Fund balance, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 323,484</u>	\$ 18,695	<u>\$</u>	\$ 20,571	\$ 362,750

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OTHER COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

JOHNSON CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND

For the year ended June 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30	0, 2024							. .
Name of Activity:	Cash Balances July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balances June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Due to Students & Others June 30, <u>202</u> 4
Academic	<u> </u>	\$ 16,880	\$ 16.946	\$ 66	<u> </u>	* *	<u> </u>	*
All CTE Programs	\$- 967	\$ 10,880 818	\$ 16,946 1,337	\$ 00 -	-	\$-	\$-	\$ -
•	537				448	-	-	448
Alumni Scholarship		-	500	-	37	•	-	37
Americorp/YSC	13,754	5,495	4,190	500	15,559	•	-	15,559
APP Harvest	908	-	-	-	908	-	-	908
Athletics Band	6,121	297,382	299,642	11,544	15,405	-	-	15,405
Band	4,593	39,150	43,583	-	160	-	-	160
Bass Fishing Club	18,259	6,280	6,058	(500)	17,981	-	-	17,981
Bass Fishing	227	-	-	· •	227	-	-	227
Beta Club	3	-	•	-	3	-	-	3
Carpentry - Skills USA	2,853	-	82	-	2,771	-	-	2,771
Choir	-	12,746	12,246	-	500	-	-	500
Chromebooks	-	12,240	12,240	-	-	-	-	
Class of 2020	4,243	-	-	-	4,243	-	-	4,243
Cooking Lab	2,745	21,608	14,023	950	11,280	995	-	12,275
Cyber Patriot	-	500	-	-	500	-	-	500
District Activity Sweep	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-
Eagle's Nest	3,019	5,119	6,089	1,781	3,830		-	3,830
Eagle Spirit Club	1,884	1,455	1,253	(650)	1,436	•	-	1,436
FBLA	111	195	161	-	145	-	-	145
FCA	675		-	-	675	-	-	675
FCCLA National	420	5,999	3,883	-	2,536	-	-	2,536
FFA Fund	-	37,352	33,332	-	4,020	-	-	4,020
HOSA	2,766	22,284	21,462	-	3,588	-	-	3,588
Interact Club	60	-		-	60	-	-	. 60
JC FMD	1,500	41	906	-	635	-	-	635
JCHS Barbell Club	1,592	-	-	-	1,592	· -	-	1,592
JCHS Radio	40	-		-	. 40	_	_	40
JCHS Speech Team	517	1,240	1,845	88	-		-	
JKG	6	1,392	1,157	-	241		-	241
Junior Class	-	560	239	120	441	-	-	441
Junior Prom	127	12,447	16,028	3,454	•	_	_	_
KYA	400		•	-	400			400
KYA/KUNA	174	-	-	-	174	_	_	174
Musical Theater	5,226	9,526	9,148	(1,235)	4,369	_	-	4,369
National Honors Society	1,403	1,680	655	-	2,428	-		2,428
Power of Life Blood Drive	1,444	1,282	1,200	-	1,526	-	_	1,526
Project Prom	2,713	6,407	7,079	_	2,041	-	-	2,041
Project Prom Scholarship	9,065	3,000	3,500		8,565	-	-	8,565
Scholarship Program	19,733	3,864	3,800	-	19,797	•	-	19,797
School Library	42	0,004	0,000	-	42	-	-	42
Seniors	-	18,969	23,564	4,595	72	-	-	72
SkillsUSA	13	7,610	8.008	385	-	-	-	-
Skills USA Scholarship	10	-	0,000		- 10	-	•	10
Solar Car	1,492	- 14,000	- 16,086	594		-	•	10
Store Fund			-		-	-	-	40.207
	7,006	52,323	34,954	(23,504)	871	11,516	-	12,387
Student Council Fund	3,682	31,276	27,274	125	7,809	-	-	7,809
Teachers Discretionary	1,947	1,638	2,461	(1,097)	27	-	-	27
Technology Student	342	11,311	9,708	-	1,945	-	-	1,945
Television Station	344	2,772	2,272	•	844	•	-	844
Vo-Ag Greenhouse	6,456	23,929	21,113	64	9,336	-	•	9,336
Yearbook	9,252	2,175	7,948	-	3,479	•	-	3,479
YSC Tee Shirt Fund	5,277	200	1,654	- /	3,823	-	<u> </u>	3,823
Totals	<u>\$ 143,948</u>	\$ 693,145	\$ 677,626	<u>\$ (</u> 2,720)	\$ 156,747	<u>\$ 12,511</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 169,258</u>

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - JOHNSON COUNTY MIDDLE SCHOOL

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	В	Cash alances y 1, 2023	 Receipts	Disb	oursements	<u></u>	ransfers	Ba	Cash alances 9 30, 2024	Re	ccounts eceivable e 30, 2024	P	ccounts ayable 30, 2024	S1 &	Due to tudents Others 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds	\$	19,721	\$ 81,882	\$	89,401	\$	(9,501)	\$	2,701	\$	12,170	\$	1,100	\$	13,771
Athletic Fund		11,314	75,681		91,619		8,856		4,232		1,828		-		6,060
District Activity Sweep		-	 -		-		-				-		-		-
Totals	\$	31,035	\$ 157 <u>,</u> 563	\$	181,020	\$	(645)	\$	6,933	\$	13,998	\$	1,100	\$	19,831

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - JOHNSON COUNTY ELEMENTARY ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	Ba	Cash alances / 1, 2023_	R	eceipts_	Disbu	ursements	Trar	nsfers	Ba	Cash Iances 30, 2024	Rece	counts eivable 30, 2024	Pa	ounts yable 30, 2024	St: & (ue to udents Others 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds Athletic Fund District Activity Sweep Totals	\$	1,479 - 1,479	\$	25,442 - 25,442	\$	25,421	\$	-	\$	1,500	\$		\$		\$	1,500 1,500

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - CENTRAL ELEMENTARY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	В	Cash alances y 1, 2023	<u> </u>	Receipts	Disb	ursements	Tra	nsfers	Cash alances è 30, 2024	Re	counts ceivable 30, 2024	Pa	ounts yable 30, 2024	S &	Due to tudents Others 2 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds Athletic Fund District Activity Sweep Totals	\$	12,861 9,220 - 22,081	\$	18,186 11,882 - 30,068	\$	21,976 16,574 	\$	-	\$ 9,071 4,528 - 13,599	\$	1,200	\$	-	\$	10,271 4,528 - 14,799

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - FLAT GAP ELEMENTARY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	В	Cash alances y 1, 2023	R	eceipts_	Disb	ursements	Tra	nsfers	B	Cash alances <u>a 30, 2024</u>	Rec	ounts eivable 30, 2024	Pay	ounts yable 30, 2024	S &	Due to tudents Others 2 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds Athletic Fund District Activity Sweep Totals	\$	17,903 9,602 - 27,505	\$	13,157 22,083 - 35,240	\$	12,436 18,984 	\$	-	\$	18,624 12,701 - 31,325	\$	- - - -	\$	-	\$	18,624 12,701 - 31,325

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - HIGHLAND ELEMENTARY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	Ba	Cash alances / 1, 2023	<u>R</u>	eceipts_	Disb	ursements	Tra	nsfers	Ba	Cash alances e 30, 2024	Rec	counts eivable 30, 2024	Pay	ounts /able 30, 2024	S 8	Due to tudents Others e 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds Athletic Fund	\$	29,249 2,433	\$	31,193 20,540	\$	32,016 19,130	\$	- -	\$	28,426 3,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	28,426 3,843
District Activity Sweep Totals	\$	31,682	\$	- 51,733	\$	- 51,146	\$	-	\$	32,269	\$		\$	-	\$	32,269

STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - PORTER ELEMENTARY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

Name of Activity:	Ba	ash Nances 1, 2023	F	Receipts	Disb	ursements	Tra	nsfers	B	Cash alances e 30, 2024	Rec	counts eivable 30, 2024	Pa	ounts yable 30, 2024	S &	Due to tudents Others e 30, 2024
School Activity and Projects Funds Athletic Fund District Activity Sweep Totals	\$	2,660 7,014 9,674	\$	62,449 15,782 - 78,231	\$	49,739 19,309 69,048	\$		\$	15,370 3,487 - - 18,857	\$	- - -	\$		\$	15,370 3,487 - 18,857

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUND - WR CASTLE ELEMENTARY

For the year ended June 30, 2024

School Activity and Projects Funds 37,041 33,788 28,495 (8,100) 34,233 - \$ Athletic Fund 752 6,581 14,022 8,100 1,412 - District Activity Sweep -	Name of Activity:	B	Cash alances y 1, 2023	F	Receipts_	Disb	ursements	Tı	ansfers	Cash alances e 30, 2024	Rec	counts eivable 30, 2024	Pa	ounts yable 30, 2024	&	udents Others 30, 2024
Totals \$ 37,793 \$ 40,369 \$ 42,517 \$ - \$ 35,645 \$ - \$	Athletic Fund District Activity Sweep	\$	752	\$	6,581	\$	14,022	\$		\$ 1,412	\$	-	\$	- - -	\$	34,233 1,412 - 35,645

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND DUE TO STUDENTS/GROUPS

SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	Cash Balances July 1, 2023	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balances June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2024	Accounts Payable June 30, 2024	Due to Students & Others June 30, 2024
High Schools Johnson Central	\$ 143,948	\$ 693,145	\$ 677,626	\$ (2,720)	\$ 156,747	\$ 12,511	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 169,258
Johnson Central	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	♥ (<u>2</u> ,, 20)	• 100,147	ψ 12,011	Ψ -	Ψ 100,200
Middle Schools								
Johnson County	31,035	157,563	181,020	(645)	6,933	13,998	1,100	19,831
Elementary School/Other								
Johnson County Atheletic Assoc.	1,479	25,442	25,421	-	1,500	-	-	1,500
Central	22,081	30,068	38,550	-	13,599	1,200	-	14,799
Flat Gap	27,505	35,240	31,420	-	31,325	-	-	31,325
Highlands	31,682	51,733	51,146	-	32,269	-	-	32,269
Porter	9,674	78,231	69,048	-	18,857	-	-	18,857
WR Castle	37,793	40,369	42,517		35,645			35,645
Totals	\$ 305,197	\$ 1,111,791	<u>\$ 1,116,748</u>	\$ (3,365)	\$ 296,875	<u>\$</u> 27,709	<u>\$ 1,100</u>	\$ 323,484

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes to financial statements.

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	QZAB Series 2010	lssue of 2012 Refunding	Issue of 2013 Refunding	Issue of 2013	lssue of2015	lssue of 2017	lssue of 2019	lssue of2020 Refunding	lssue of 2021 Refunding	Issue of 2021 Energy	lssue of 2023	To tel Debt Service Funds
Revenues:												
Earning on investments	\$	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 12,565	\$ 12,565
Intergovernmental - state	•	37,122	33,286	59,917	41,455	-	62,213	116,255	18,154	-	151,866	520,268
Intergovernmental - federal	94,482		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>		94,482
Total revenues	94,482	37,122	33,286	59,917	41,455	-	62,213	116,255	18,154	-	164,431	627,315
Expenditures:												
Current:	70 700	045 000	185.000	175.000	00.000	450.000		100.000				
Bond payments Bond interest	78,722 102,200	215,000 5,268	8,795	79,825	90,000 64,163	150,000 136,587	40,000	120,000 9.350	220,000	-	1,950,000	3,223,722
Bond costs	102,200	5,260	0,795	79,025	04, 103		22,213	9,350	15,575	16,490	1,027,192	1,487,658
Bond costs											<u>-</u>	
Total expenditures	180,922	220,268	193,795	254,825	154,163	286,587	62,213	129,350	235,575	16,490	2,977,192	4,711,380
Excess (deficit) of revenues over												
expenditures	(86,440)	<u>(183,146)</u>	(160,509)	(194,908)	(112,708)	(286,587)		(13,095)	(217,421)	(16,490)	(2,812,761)	(4,084,065)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Bond proceeds	•	-		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating transfers in	86,440	183,146	160,509	194,908	112,708	286,587	-	13,095	217,421	16,490	2,825,326	4,096,630
Operating transfers out	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non operating transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-
Non operating transfers out							<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	86,440	183,146	160,509	194,908	112,708	286,587	-	13,095	217,421	16,490	2,825,326	4,096,630
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	- ·	-	-	-		-	-	12,565	12,565
Fund balance, July 1, 2023		<u> </u>			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			7,500	506	8,006
Fund batance, June 30, 2024	<u> </u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 7,500</u>	<u>\$ 13,071</u>	<u>\$ 20,571</u>

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

	F actoria	Pass-	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS - THROUGH G RAN TOR/	Federal	Through Grantor's	Federal
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE	Assistance Listing Number	<u>Number</u>	Expenditures
U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE	Namber	<u>Induin béi</u>	
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			
Passed Through State Dept. of Agriculture:			
Food Donation (in-Kind Commodities)	10.555	1007	\$ 87,388
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:	101000	1007	+ 01,000
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 23	195,150
ochoo breaktast riogram	10.000	7760005 23	405,948
			601,098
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 23	554,358
.		7750002 24	1,166,122
			1,720,480
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7690024 24	8,684
		7740223 23	83,304
			91,988
TOTAL CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER			2,500,954
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001 23	8,862
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE			2,509,816
U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE			
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	473JS	296,595
STOP School Violence	16.839	494J	298,004
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE			594,599
U.S. DEPT. OF LABOR			
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:	17.005	670.1	
Apprenticeship USA Grants	17.285	570J	387,440
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF LABOR			387,440
U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Dept. of Education:			
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	3100002 22	319,849
		3100002 23	<u>1,218,435</u> 1,538,284
Turantu First Ocation Ocasionality Languine Ocation	0 4 007	2 400002 20	
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002 20 3400002 21	10,088
		3400002 21	151,512 162,170
		3400002 22	323,770
Supporting Effective Instruction - State Grant	84.367	3230002 22	69,455
Supporting Encourse instruction - State State	04.007	3230002 23	123,035
			192,490
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	3710002 22	13,579
,		3710002 23	54,586
	A 4 A 4 5 4	6 10 1 1	68,165
Full Service Community Schools Program	84.215J	518JJ	1,777,403
			3,900,112

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - CONTINUED

For the year ended June 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ Pass- PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR/ Assistance Listing Grantor's Federal PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE Number Number Expenditures U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION 84.358 3140002 22 4,874 Rural Education 84.358 3140002 23 32,667 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER (IDEA) 199,939 199,939
PASS - THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION Assistance Listing Number Grantor's Expenditures Federal Expenditures Rural Education 84.358 3140002 22 32,667 37,541 4,874 3140002 23 32,667 37,541 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 3420002 23 37,318 112,738 ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 360002 22 49,883 199,939
PROGRAM OR CLUSTER TITLE U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATIONNumberNumberExpendituresRural Education84.3583140002 224,874Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.4243420002 2237,541Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program84.4243420002 2237,318ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program84.424F3860002 2249,883199,939199,939199,939199,939
U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION Rural Education 84.358 3140002 22 4,874 3140002 23 32,667 37,541 3420002 22 37,318 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939 199,939 199,939
Rural Education 84.358 3140002 22 4,874 3140002 23 32,667 37,541 3420002 22 37,318 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 SEEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939 199,939 199,939
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,541 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 SESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939 199,939 199,939
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,541 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 SESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939 199,939 199,939
37,541 Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 3420002 22 37,318 3420002 23 112,738 3420002 23 112,738 ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939 3420002 23 312,738
ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 3420002 23 112,738 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939 199,939
ESEA Title IV Part A Stronger Connection Grant Program 84.424F 3860002 22 49,883 199,939
199,939
SPECIAL EDUCATION OLDSTER (DEA)
Special Education Oceanie to States 200.000 20 200.000 20
Special Education - Grants to States 84.027 3810002 22 205,344 3810002 23 698,226
4910002 21 59,232
962,802
Special Education - Preschool Grants 84.173 3800002 21 124
3800002 22 17,321
3800002 23 37,566
TOTAL SPECIAL EDUCATION CLUSTER 1,017,813
Education Stabilization Fund 84.425 4200002 21 1,152,935
4200003 21 10,000
4300003 21 2,234,999 4300005 21 132,984
4300005 21 132,984 4980002 21 4,770
3,535,688
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund 84.425C 564GF 62,099
Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund 84.425D 554GC 115,197
TOTAL U.S. DEPT. OF EDUCATION 8,868,389
U.S DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Passed Through Big Sandy Area Community Action Program, Inc.:
Head Start 93.600 04CH011865 23 198,233 04CH011865 24 626,740
824,973
Passed Through Department of Health and Human Services:
Child Care and Development Black Grant 93.575 551JT 20,980
Passed Through State Department of Education:
Improving Student Health and Academic Achievement through
Nutrition, Physical Activity and the Management of Chronic
Conditions in Schools 93.981 2200001 18 3,396
2200001 203,076 6,472
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects
of Regional and National Significance 93.243 551JT 85,391
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES 937,816
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the year ended June 30, 2024

NOTE A -- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Johnson County School District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Johnson County School District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Johnson County School District.

NOTE B – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Johnson County School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE C – FOOD DISTRIBUTION

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2024, the District had no food commodities in inventory.

NOTE D – TYPE A PROGRAMS

Type A programs for the Johnson County School District is any program for which total expenditures of federal awards exceeded \$750,000 for fiscal year 2024. The District had the following programs and clusters that met the Type A program definition for fiscal year 2024:

FEDERAL ASSISTANCE LISTING NUMBER	PROGRAM TITLE	EXPENDITURES
Child Nutrition Cluster:		
10.555	Food Donation (In-Kind Commodities)	\$ 87,388
10.559	Summer Food Service Program for Children	91,988
10.553	School Breakfast Program	601,098
10.555	National School Lunch Program	<u>1,720,480</u> 2,500,954
84.010	Title I – Grants to Local Educational Agencies	1,538,284
84.215J	Full Service Community Schools Program 518JJ	<u> 1.777 403 </u>
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund	3,535,688
Special Education Cluster:		
84.027	Special Education – Grants to States	962,802
84.173	Special Education Preschool Grants	<u> </u>
		<u> </u>
93.600	Head Start	<u> </u>
	Total Type A Programs	<u>\$ 11.195,115</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

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Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

For the year ended June 30, 2024

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued unmodified:

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes yes	<u>X</u> no <u>X</u> none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements n	oted?	<u>X</u> yes	no
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes <u>y</u> es	<u>X</u> no <u>X</u> none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for	major programs <i>unmodified</i>	<i>!</i> :	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to b with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	e reported in accordance	yes	<u>X</u> no
Identification of major programs: Federal Assistance Listing Number(s)Name o	f Federal Program or Cluste	er	
84.215J 84.425 84.425 C 84.425 D	Full Service Comm Education Si Governor's Emergen Elementary & Secondary S	abilization Fun cy Relief (GEE	id R) Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type	A and type B programs: §	750,00 <u>0</u>	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		<u>X</u> yes	no

SECTION II - FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

2024 -- 001 Fraudulent Check Cashed -- A Non-Repeat Finding

Condition: A fraudulent check was written and cashed against Porter Elementary by an unknown party.

Criteria: The District needs to use safe guards and monitor their accounts for any fraudulent activity.

Cause of Condition: An unknown party obtained a written check that had been signed by the Principal and started making changes to it and using the same check number to make other purchases.

Effect: Twenty-two hundred dollars was withdrawn from the District's account but was noticed by the bank's personnel and the bank notified them of the fraudulent activity.

Recommendation: The Principal should receive all bank statements first unopened and review for discrepancies.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We monitor our accounts closely and we noticed the unusual check and took action, immediately. The bank caught the same fraudulent check and refunded all of our money that was withdrawn under false pretense. Furthermore, we will continue to monitor closely all of our funds effective October 28, 2024.

SECTION III – FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

No matters were reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

June 30, 2024

The prior year comment was addressed by the District. Corrections were initiated on the documentation that was recommended.

2023 - 001 Spent Over \$40,000 With A Vendor Without Any Bid

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board of Education Johnson County School District Paintsville, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the Independent Auditor's Contract, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Johnson County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Johnson County School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2024.

Report On Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Johnson County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Johnson County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Johnson County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not been identified.

Report On Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Johnson County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001.

In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of material noncompliance of specific state statues or regulation identified in Appendix II of the Independent Auditor's Contract – State Audit Requirements.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Johnson County School District, in a separate letter dated October 28, 2024.

Johnson County School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Johnson County School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Johnson County School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wells & longary, PSL

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky October 28, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education Johnson County School District Paintsville, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Johnson County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Johnson County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Johnson County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Johnson County School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Johnson County School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Johnson County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Johnson County School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Johnson County School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,

misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Johnson County School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Johnson County School District's compliance with the compliance requirements
 referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Johnson County School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Johnson County School District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance areas onable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wells & (ompany PSL

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky October 28, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

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(000) 789-3388 Fax (606) 789-3326

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Johnson County School District Paintsville, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Johnson County School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding these matters. This letter does not affect our report dated October 28, 2024, on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,

Wells & longramy. PSC

Certified Public Accountants Paintsville, Kentucky October 28, 2024

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS

June 30, 2024

PRIOR YEAR COMMENTS

All prior year comments were addressed by the District. Corrections were initiated and improvements made in the documentation that was recommended.

MANAGEMENT LETTER COMMENTS - CONTINUED

June 30, 2024

CURRENT YEAR COMMENTS

Activity Fund 24-1 Money Is Not Being Turned In Timely For Deposits

Condition: Found at JCEAA and Porter Elementary were some deposits had not been made timely for held events.

Criteria: All monies collected from events should be turned in the next school day after the event is held.

Cause of Condition: Lack of supervision and monitoring over deposits.

Effect: Money could be lost or stolen if not turned in timely.

Recommendation: Johnson County School District needs to follow the rules of the Red Book and make deposits timely.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We will make sure all money is turned in for deposit in a timely manner effective immediately.

Activity Fund 24-2 Ticket Forms Missing Required Documentation

Condition: During our testing, we found some ticket forms from Highland Elementary and Flat Gap Elementary missing required documentation.

Criteria: Ticket forms are to be properly prepared and signed off on after each event. All monies collected should be turned in to the principal immediately after the event.

Cause of Condition: Lack of supervision over the ticket process.

Effect: Checks and balances are being ignored.

Recommendation: All ticket forms are to be completed and signed off on by the person in charge of sales. All monies need to be turned in immediately after the event for deposit. Principals need to supervise and make sure everything is completed and all money is turned in timely.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: We will make sure that the principals are monitoring all ticket sales.